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Formas narrativas breves en la Edad Media-Elvira Fidalgo 2005

Portuguese Writers-Mônica Rector 2004 Presents career biographies and criticism for Portuguese writers from historic and modern times. There is also an essay on medieval poetry.

Literatura portuguesa y literatura española: influencias y relaciones-M. Rosa Álvarez Sellers 1999

El universo cómico de Agustín Moreto. IV Centenario-Felipe B. Pedraza Jiménez Jornadas organizadas por el Instituto Almagro de teatro clásico, dedicadas a la figura de Agustín Moreto.

No tempo das especiarias-Fábio Pestana Ramos 2008-06-02 Prepare-se para uma viagem a mares nunca dantes navegados. Neste livro, fruto de uma extraordinária pesquisa, que incluiu a consulta a centenas de manuscritos raros e até então pouco consultados, o historiador Fábio Pestana mostra como Portugal construiu, primeiro graças à pimenta, depois ao açúcar, o seu vasto império colonial. Articula, com singular maestria, a Grande História com o cotidiano, colocando o leitor no centro dos acontecimentos políticos, sociais, econômicos e culturais da grande epopéia portuguesa. A expansão ultramarina é descrita com toda a sua dose peculiar de fascínio e aventura, mas também com suas crueldades, invasões, extermínios de nativos, "guerras santas" e outras brutalidades. Descubra o que fez do sabor picante da pimenta e, também, da doçura do açúcar as mais cobiçadas e valiosas mercadorias, em uma época marcada por disputas acirradas pelo poder, terríveis naufrágios, pirataria internacional e expedições rumo ao desconhecido.

Historia de la literatura portuguesa-María Jesús Fernández García 2011

Bibliografia de Fernão Lopes-Teresa Amado 1991

Cultura E Memória Na Literatura Portuguesa-

Ines de Castro-Patrizia Botta 1999

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Mário de Sá-Carneiro-Mário de Sá-Carneiro 2000

Antologia do Cancioneiro geral-Garcia de Resende 1994

O Capibaribe de João Cabral em O cão sem plumas e O rio-Susana Vernieri 1999

Corte na aldeia-Francisco Rodrigues Lobo 1990

Report of the Proceedings of the Congress- 1951

Sonetos-Florbela Espanca 1990

Poesia e teatro-Francisco de Sá de Miranda 1989

Sonetos completos-Antero de Quental 2002

Poemas lusitanos ; Castro-António Ferreira 1989

Serviços Bibliográficos da Livraria Portugal-Livraria Portugal. Serviços Bibliográficos 2003

Antologia poética-Fernando Pessoa 1992

Livros de Portugal- 1994

D. Pedro I-Cristina Pimenta 2007 Biography of Pedro I (1320-1367), King of Portugal.

Biblos- 1995

也許你該找人聊聊-蘿蕊･葛利布 2020-03-31 連心理師自己都要找心理師諮詢？！那他／她憑什麼能幫我？！ 「在我擔任心理師的所有資格裡，最重要的一個是：我也是有血有肉的人。」 ★上市首週強勢竄上亞馬遜網路書店總榜TOP 100； ★獲選亞馬遜書店年度書籍TOP 10，長踞心理勵志類前茅； ★囊括《O：歐普拉雜誌》與《人物雜誌》等眾多媒體選書； ★即將改編影集，將延請《慾望師奶》伊娃・朗格莉亞演出！ 每年找心理師晤談的美國人將近三千萬名——其中有些病人本身也是心理師。 在這本書裡，作者蘿蕊・葛利布告訴我們：儘管她受過嚴格訓練，也具備心理治療執照，但她之所以能做諮商，最重要的憑據是——她同樣是人類的一員。當她的世界因為一次危機天翻地覆，她寫道：「我知道當一個人是什麼感覺」。於是，她開始和古怪、經驗豐富，但很不典型的心理師溫德爾晤談。 同一段時間，葛利布自己則在治療一個自戀的好萊塢製片，一名才剛結婚就被診斷出末期癌症的女子，一個威脅生活景況一年內沒有好轉就要在生日當天自殺的老婦，還有一個二十多歲、老是跟不對的人勾搭的年輕人（此君連診間的人都要搭訕）。在葛利布探索病人的內心世界的同時，她也發現：她的病人苦苦糾結的問題，其實正是她自己向溫德爾求助的問題。 ***** 生活，就像是在鋼索上危步，我們游移在愛與欲、意義與死亡、罪惡與救贖、恐懼與勇氣，以及希望與改變之間。葛利布以過人的智慧和幽默揭露我們的盲點，檢視我們掙扎時對自己和他人道出的真相和虛構。 作者除了是諮商心理師，亦長期為各大報章撰寫諮詢專欄，解答讀者們五花八門的疑難，這本著作不只帶我們一探諮商心理師的世界，看她如何幫助病人尋找答案，也看她如何在病人與同業身上看到自己的影子，服下自己開出的藥方。本書坦率程度前所未見，充滿歡樂、刺激思考又處處驚喜，對人心的探索既深入個人內在，又合乎人類通性，勇敢訴說人之為人的意義，並對我們轉化生命的能力提出有趣而生動的觀察。 ▎本書選句 ►痛跟苦不一樣，人都有痛的時候，可是你不一定得那麼苦。……既然我死抓著受苦的感覺不放，我一定有從中得到什麼。 ►文化壓力對女性的要求是言行得體，對男性的要求則是情感得體。女性通常會向朋友或家人吐露心事，可是當男性在晤談時告訴我他們的感受，我幾乎總是第一個聽他們講出口的人。 ►自我苛責跟自我負責不同，後者應該像（禪學與心理學大師）傑克・康菲爾德說的那樣：「靈性成熟的第二個特質是寬厚，它的基礎是從根本處接受自己。」心理治療也一樣，我們追求的是自我同理，而非自我評價。 ►很多人剛開始做心理諮商時，好奇的不是自己，而是別人，可是我們會再每次晤談時播下好奇的種子，因為心理諮商幫不了對自己不好奇的人。 ►我們不會拉著病人直搗問題核心，我們只會輕輕推著他們靠自己走到那裡，因為最有力的真相——人最嚴肅看待的真相——是他們自己一點一滴領悟的真相。 ►人只有沉默時能聽見內心的聲音。說話會讓人停在大腦層次，安安穩穩閃避情緒。沉默則像清垃圾，當你停止徒勞無益地拋話、拋話、再拋話，重要的東西會浮上表面。 ►「洞見是心理治療的安慰獎」，這是我最喜歡的心理治療業箴言，指的是你就算聽過世上所有洞見，要是你回到現實世界時不做改變，洞見（和心理治療）就一點用也沒有。

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BBB [boletim bibliográfico brasileiro].- 1961

Doing Business 2012-World Bank 2011-10-18 Ninth in a series of annual reports comparing business regulations in 183 economies, Doing Business 2012 measures regulations affecting 11 areas of everyday business activity: starting a business dealing with construction permits employing workers registering property getting credit protecting investors paying taxes trading across borders enforcing contracts closing a business getting electricity The report updates all indicators as of June 1, 2011, ranks countries on their overall "ease of doing business", and analyzes reforms to business regulation identifying which countries are strengthening their business environment the most. Doing Business 2012 includes a new set of indicators on the time, steps, and cost for a private business to get an electricity connection. The data on connection services can inform utilities, regulators and governments seeking to strengthen the performance of the electricity sector. Drawing on a now longer time series, this year's report introduces a measure to illustrate how the regulatory environment for business has changed in each economy since Doing Business 2006 was published in 2005. A new "distance to frontier" measure complements the aggregate ranking on the ease of doing business, which benchmarks each economy's current performance on the indicators against that of all other economies in the sample for a given year. A fundamental premise of Doing Business is that economic activity requires good rules that are transparent and accessible to all. Such regulations should be efficient, striking a balance between safeguarding some important aspects of the business environment and avoiding distortions that impose unreasonable costs on businesses. Where business regulation is burdensome and competition limited, success depends more on whom you know than on what you can do. But where regulations are relatively easy to comply with and accessible to all who need to use them, anyone with talent and a good idea should be able to start and grow a business in the formal sector. The Doing Business report, which was started in 2003, has become one of the key ways in which the bank and other observers gauge business climate within developing countries... -- The Financial Times [Doing Business started] as a way to encourage countries to reduce obstacles to entrepreneurship. Developing countries compete to land a spot on the top 10 list of most-improving countries because it is seen as a way to get attention and investment. -- The Wall Street Journal [Doing Business] has succeeded in putting the issue of business red tape on the international political agenda. -- The Economist